

## Imperial Case Studies Questions

### British Imperialism in India (pg 791-794)

1. Who are sepoys? Who did they work for & who lead them?
2. Why is India considered the “jewel in the Crown” of Britain?
4. What are the 6 main plantation crops grown in India?
5. What are some positive and negative impacts of British colonialism on India?
6. Explain the “sepoy mutiny”. What feelings caused it and what actions sparked the “mutiny”.

Mutiny→a criminal conspiracy among a group of people (typically members of the military or the crew of a ship) to openly oppose, change, or overthrow a lawful authority to which they are subject.

7. Why was the sepoy mutiny unsuccessful?
8. What form of British rule take under the Raj?

### China Resists Outside Influence (pg 805- 809)

1. What was the relationship between China and the west? What did the west offer China? How did they respond?
2. What product did European merchants provided that Chinese would buy in large quantities? How is it used? How did Europeans get Chinese using it?
3. Primary source analysis→ what is Lin Zexu’s argument for why England should not let it be traded in their country?
4. What was the result of the pleas not being answered? Who won? What gave them the advantage?
5. What are the major points of the Treaty of Nanjing?
6. What was the Boxer Rebellion? What did the Boxers blame the dowager empress for?
7. What was the effect of the Boxer rebellion?

### Modernization in Japan (pg 810- 812)

1. What is the significance of the Treaty of Kangawa? How is it different from Japanese policy in the past?
2. What are characteristics of the “Meiji era”?
3. What steps did the Meiji emperor take to modernize Japan?
4. How did Japan begin its quest to build an empire?
5. How did Japan’s victory in the Russo-Japanese War both explode and create stereotypes?